

Assume the rate law is of the form

$$r_{Dep} = \frac{k P_{VTIPO}^2}{1 + K P_{VTIPO}^2}$$

At high T  $K \downarrow$  as  $T \uparrow \therefore K P_{VTIPO}^2 \ll 1$

$$r_{Dep} = k P_{VTIPO}^2$$

$$\frac{r_{Dep}}{P_{VTIPO}^2} = k$$

Run #	1	2	5
k	$\frac{0.028}{(0.05)^2}$ 11.2	$\frac{0.45}{(0.2)^2}$ 11.28	$\frac{7.2}{(0.8)^2}$ 11.25

At low T and low P

$$r_{Dep} = k P_{VTIPO}^2$$

	Run 1	Run 2
$\frac{r_{Dep}}{P_{VTIPO}^2} = k$	$\frac{0.004}{0.1^2}$ = 0.4	$\frac{0.015}{0.2^2}$ 0.375

↑  
low pr. data fits

at high P  $K P_{VTIPO}^2 \gg 1$

$$r_{\text{dep}} = \frac{k P_{VTIPO}^2}{K P_{VTIPO}^2} = \frac{k}{K}$$

at  $P_{VTIPO} = 1.5$   $r = 0.095$

$P_{VTIPO} = 2$   $r = 0.1$

Activation energy :

at low P high T  $k = 11.2$

at low P low T  $k = 0.4$

$$\ln\left(\frac{k_2}{k_1}\right) = \frac{E}{R} \left( \frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{11.2}{0.4}\right) = \frac{E}{R} \left( \frac{1}{473} - \frac{1}{393} \right)$$

$$\frac{E}{R} = 7738 \text{ 1/K}$$

$$E = 15375 \frac{\text{cal}}{\text{mol}}$$